

सांविधिक लेखा परीक्षक [एससीए] की पैनल और चयन के लिए नीति

POLICY FOR EMPANELMENT AND SELECTION OF STATUTORY CENTRAL AUDITORS [SCAs]

1.0 Norms on eligibility, empanelment and selection of Statutory Central Auditors

(i) The audit firm shall have a minimum of 7 full time chartered accountants, of which at least 5 should be full time partners exclusively associated with the firm, Of these five full time exclusively associated partners, one each should have minimum continuous association with the firm at least for 15 years and 10 years, two with a minimum continuous association of 5 years each and one with a minimum continuous association of one year. The remaining two could be either exclusively associated* partners or CA employees. There should be at least one year continuous association for both exclusive partners and CA employees. Four of the partners should be FCAs. Also, at least two of the partners should have minimum 15 and 10 years' experience in practice. (In case the paid Chartered Accountant available with the firm without any break was admitted as a partner of the said firm at a future date, his association with the firm as a partner will be counted from the date of his joining the firm as a paid Chartered Accountant.)

(ii) The number of professional staff (excluding typists, stenographers, computer operators, secretary/ies and sub-ordinate staff etc.), consisting of audit and article clerks with knowledge in book-keeping and accountancy and are engaged in outdoor audit should be 18.

(iii) The standing of the firm should be of at least 15 years which would be reckoned from the date of availability of one full time FCA continuously with the firm.

(iv) The firm should have minimum statutory central audit experience of 15 years of Public Sector Banks (before or after nationalisation) and/ or by way of statutory branch audit thereof or that of statutory audit experience of a private sector bank with deposits resources of not less than Rs.500 crore. (In case any of the partner of an audit firm is nominated / elected for a period of at least 3 years or more on the Board of any public sector bank then his / her such experience for a maximum period of three years will be considered as bank audit experience, provided such experience has not been earned by him/ her concurrently i.e. when his / her firm was assigned statutory audit of any PSB, select all India financial Institutions or RBI.)

(v) The firm should have statutory audit experience of 5 years of the Public Sector Undertakings (either Central or State Government undertaking).

(While calculating such experience, more than one assignment given to a firm during a particular year or more than one year's statutory audit (audits in arrears) assigned to the firm will be reckoned, as one year experience only, for the purpose of counting such experience.)

(vi) At least two full time partners of the firm or its paid full time Chartered Accountants must possess CISA /ISA qualification.

(vii) In case of merger and demerger of firms, merger effect will be given after 2 years of merger while demerger will be effected immediately.

Note-

1. C&AG will empanel the Audit Firms based on the above parameters as on January 1 of the relevant year and send the panel to RBI.

2. If any audit firm empanelled by C&AG with the position as on January 1 undergoes change in its constitution after empanelment date, the audit firm will take all necessary steps to become eligible within a reasonable time and in any case, audit firm should be complying with above norms [Para 1 (i) to (vii)] on eligibility, empanelment and selection of Statutory Central Auditors in Public Sector Banks hosted on RBI web site before the following events:

a) Appointment of the audit firms by the Bank as SCAs. For this, the audit firm while giving consent to the Bank for appointment may ensure that it complies with the norms.

b) b) Before commencement of Annual Statutory Audit for Financial Year ending 31st March and till the completion of annual audit.

c) Quarterly Review of Accounts as on June 30, September 30 and December 31 every year till its completion. In case any audit firm (after appointment) does not comply with any one of the norms (on account of resignation, death etc. of any of the partners, employees etc), it may promptly approach the Bank with full details. The Bank in turn may approach RBI.

2.0 PROCEDURE FOR APPOINTMENT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS IN PUBLIC SECTOR BANKS

Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs)

1. In terms of RBI circular the Bank being classified under Category "B" [Medium Banks] shall not have more than 5 SCAs. Actual number of SCAs to be appointed on an annual basis can be decided by the Board subject to the above limit. As such, our Bank will have not more than 5 SCAs till further review by the Board.
2. The cooling off period after completing the term of three years as SCA will be of three years.
3. The appointment of SCAs will be made on an annual basis, subject to their fulfilling the eligibility norms prescribed by RBI from time to time and also subject to their suitability.
4. The Government has decided that from the financial year 2014-15, selection and appointment of SCAs is delegated to individual Public Sector Banks.
5. The procedure that will be followed for selection of SCAs by the PSBs is as under:
 - a) The eligible list of firms furnished by C&AG every year will be subjected to scrutiny by RBI for identifying the continuing, rested and non-continuing firms and excluding audit firms against whom adverse remarks/disciplinary proceedings are pending or who have been denied audit.
 - b) b) RBI will verify that the firm has minimum bank audit experience of 15 years from its records.
 - c) c) RBI will prepare separate list of rested, continuing and non-continuing eligible audit firms after excluding the name of firms who have been denied audit by RBI/C&AG and the firms who have declined the offer of appointment given by Public Sector Banks. The list of non-continuing eligible audit firms will be further split up into list of experienced audit firms and new audit firms.

An 'Experienced' firm is one which has a Statutory Central Audit experience of any of the Public Sector Banks and 'New Firm' is one who does not have such experience.

Reserve Bank will be giving Public Sector Banks i) List of continuing firms (i.e. the list of audit firms who have not completed three years of audit ii) List of eligible, non-continuing audit firms in two parts viz. experienced audit firms and new audit firms.

d) The allotment of vacancies of SCA's shall be in the ratio of 60:40 between 'Experienced ' and 'New' audit firms. As regards ratio of 60:40, banks will round the number to the nearest round number and choose auditors from the 'Experienced' and 'New' firm list.

e) The Office of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) will provide a graded panel. The audit firms in case of both the panels i.e. experienced as well as new firms, will be ranked (highest to lowest) based on the points given by C&AG. The banks will select the statutory auditors as per norms from the two panels. For Category 'A' banks, cut off limit for selection of audit firms will be 4 times of vacancy in that category while for Category 'B' banks, cut off limit will be 8 times of vacancy. Category 'C' banks will have the liberty to choose audit firms from the entire panel. The cut offs for category 'A' and 'B' banks, both for experienced as well as new firms, will be indicated by RBI at the time of forwarding the panels to banks.

f) While making final selection, the Bank will take into consideration the following points:-

- i. As far as possible, the bank should have at least two audit firms having their Head Office from the same place where the banks' HO/CO is located. This condition is applicable for the combined pool of continuing and fresh auditors.
- ii. Audit firms are not selected in the PSB from where they last retired (after completing the full term) before going under rest.
- iii. The Bank has pan India presence. For administrative convenience, as far as possible, the selection of SCAs can be geographically broad-based.
- iv. The firms whose partner/s are on the Boards of PSBs are not appointed as auditors for the same PSB.

- v. An audit firm is eligible to be appointed as a Central/ Branch auditor of only one PSB during a particular year.
- vi. The Bank will make parameters for short listing the audit firms.
- vii. **The Chartered Accountant firm/s, whose partner/s are serving on the Board of any Nationalised banks/PSB as Part Time Non-Official Director/s under CA Director category, are not to be appointed as Statutory Central Auditor in any PSB.** The above parameters may be approved by the Board.

The Bank will prepare list of shortlisted audit firms in terms of above parameters.

The Bank will obtain the willingness in writing from above shortlisted audit firm(s) to accept the assignment of Statutory Central Audit work.

In the willingness letter, it should be clearly mentioned that there is no commitment on the part of PSBs to allot the Statutory Central Audit work to the auditors and the audit firms are free to give similar willingness to multiple PSBs, if approached by other PSBs.

The list of shortlisted audit firms will be placed before ACB. The ACB will approve adequate number of audit firm (s) in order of preference. The number of audit firms approved should be adequate enough to take care of the situation where some firms may not give consent.

Thereafter, the Bank will approach the audit firms to obtain their consent in writing strictly in order of preference. The audit firm should give their consent in writing for consideration of appointment in the bank concerned for the particular year and the subsequent continuing years subject to complying with para 3 above. If the approached audit firm does not give consent, the bank will approach the next audit firm in order of preference for obtaining consent till the time the number of audit firms who have given the consent equals to number of vacancies for the particular year.

The consent letter may clearly state that this selection of the audit firms as Statutory Central Auditor is subject to approval of RBI and any force majeure events and, in such cases, the audit firms will not have any claim against the Bank and RBI. The Bank may also clearly mention in the consent letter that appointment is subject to complying with the stipulated norms on eligibility and empanelment issued by RBI from time to time. In the consent letter, the audit firm should declare that consent is given to one PSB only.

It may also be incorporated in the consent letter that the consent given by an audit firm will be treated as irrevocable and request, if any, from audit firms for changing the bank, after giving its consent to the bank concerned will not be entertained.

The list of such selected firms (i.e. the firms who have given consent in the manner as stated above) who have given consent for appointment as statutory central auditors in our Bank may be placed before the ACB for its concurrence before it is forwarded to RBI for final approval.

6. Audit firm(s) selected by the Bank after obtaining consent in writing from the audit firm will be debarred for a period of 3 years for selection if the firm refuses to accept the appointment without a reasonable ground that is ground not to the satisfaction of RBI.

7. The above norms will be implemented during the selection process of SCAs for the year 2017-18 and onwards.

8. After selection, as per the statutory requirement, banks, in turn, are required to forward the names of the selected SCAs to RBI for its prior approval before their actual appointment.

9. A feedback on the quality of audit of SCAs may be given by PSBs to RBI after the Annual audit of banks.

10. Other guidelines

i) In order to protect the independence of the auditors/audit firms, banks will have to make the appointments of SCA for a continuous period of three years subject to the firms satisfying the eligibility norms each year. Banks cannot remove the audit firms during the above period without the prior approval of the Reserve Bank of India

ii) Board approved policy for appointment of statutory auditors may be hosted on the bank's website. The Bank shall strictly adhered to the Policy.

iii) The audit firms applying for empanelment as SCAs in the Bank will be required to give an undertaking that, in case of selection in the Bank, they would give up the existing SCA

assignment, if any, in Private Banks/Foreign Banks/RBI/Financial Institutions such as National Housing Bank, EXIM Bank etc. and they cannot refuse appointment of PSBs once selected. This stipulation however, will not be applicable for the auditors of the banks with no presence in India.

Note : A full time partner does not include a person who is:

(1) A partner in other firms. (2) Employed full time/part time elsewhere, practicing in own name or engaged in practice otherwise or engaged in other activity which would be deemed to be in practice under Section 2 (2) of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949.